

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A white color organic electroluminescence device comprising:

a cathode;

an anode; and

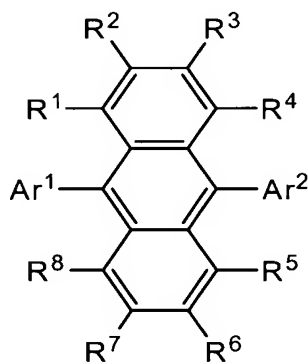
one or more organic thin film layers sandwiched between the two electrodes and comprising at least a light emitting layer

wherein the light emitting layer has a laminate comprising a bluish color light emitting layer and a yellow-to-reddish color light emitting layer;

wherein the light emitting layer comprises an asymmetric compound comprising a condensed ring,

wherein the asymmetric compound comprising a condensed ring comprises a compound of formulae (I)-(IX) below:

formula (I):

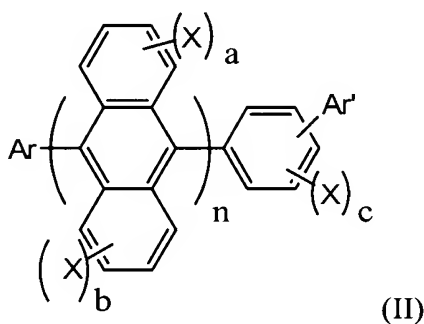


wherein Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, provided that Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> do not have the same structure, wherein when Ar<sup>1</sup> and/or Ar<sup>2</sup> is substituted by a substituent, the substituent is independently at least one selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl

group, a nitro group, a cyano group, an alkyl group, an aryl group, a cycloalkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aromatic heterocyclic group, an aralkyl group, an aryloxy group, an arylthio group, an alkoxycarbonyl group, a carboxyl group, and combinations thereof, and

$R^1$  to  $R^8$  each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group;

formula (II):



wherein Ar represents a substituted or unsubstituted fused aromatic ring residue having 10 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms,

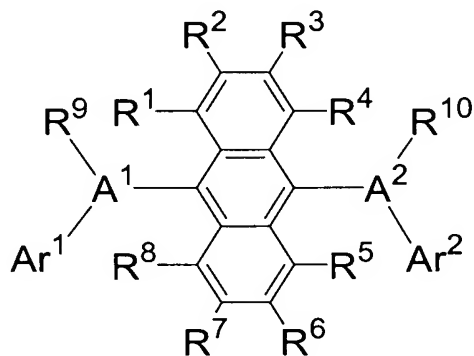
Ar' represents hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms,

X represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted

or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group, and

**a**, **b**, and **c** each represent an integer of 0 to 4, and **n** represents an integer of 1 to 3, wherein when **Ar**, **Ar'** and/or **X** is substituted by a substituent, the substituent is independently at least one selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a nitro group, a cyano group, an alkyl group, an aryl group, a cycloalkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aromatic heterocyclic group, an aralkyl group, an aryloxy group, an arylthio group, an alkoxycarbonyl group, a carboxyl group, and combinations thereof;

formula (III):



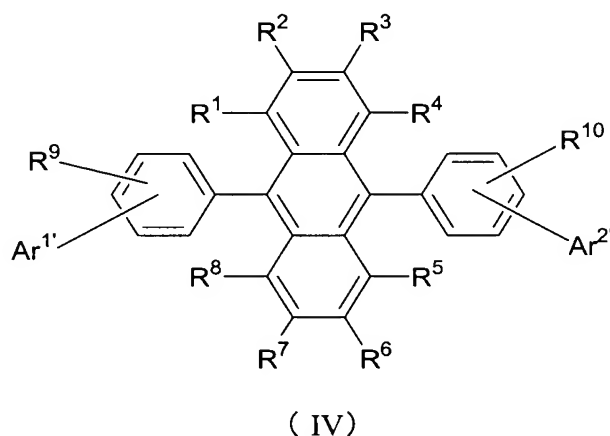
(III)

wherein  $A^1$  and  $A^2$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted fused aromatic ring residue having 10 to 20 nuclear carbon atoms,

$Ar^1$  and  $Ar^2$  each independently represent a hydrogen atom, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, and

$R^1$  to  $R^{10}$  each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group, provided that no symmetrical group binds to each of 9-position and 10-position of central anthracene;

formula (IV):

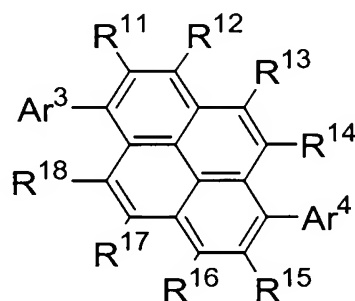


wherein  $Ar^{1'}$  and  $Ar^{2'}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, and

$R^1$  to  $R^{10}$  each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a

substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group, provided that no symmetrical group binds to each of 9-position and 10-position of central anthracene;

formula (V):



( V )

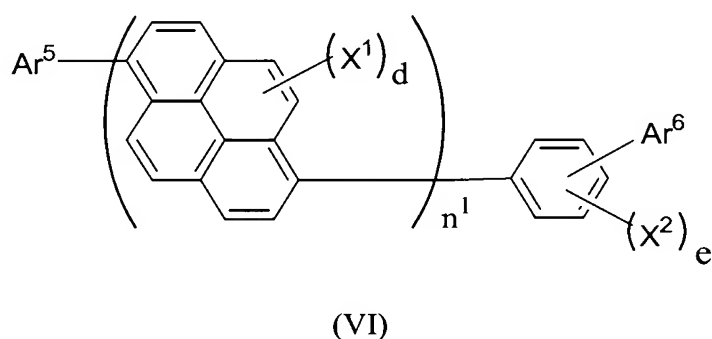
wherein Ar<sup>3</sup> and Ar<sup>4</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, provided that Ar<sup>3</sup> and Ar<sup>4</sup> do not have the same structure,

wherein when Ar<sup>3</sup> and/or Ar<sup>4</sup> is substituted by a substituent, the substituent is independently at least one selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a nitro group, a cyano group, an alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aromatic heterocyclic group, an aralkyl group, an aryloxy group, an arylthio group, an alkoxycarbonyl group, a carboxyl group, and combinations thereof, and

R<sup>11</sup> to R<sup>18</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl

group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group;

formula (VI):



wherein  $Ar^5$  represents a substituted or unsubstituted fused aromatic ring residue having 10 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms,

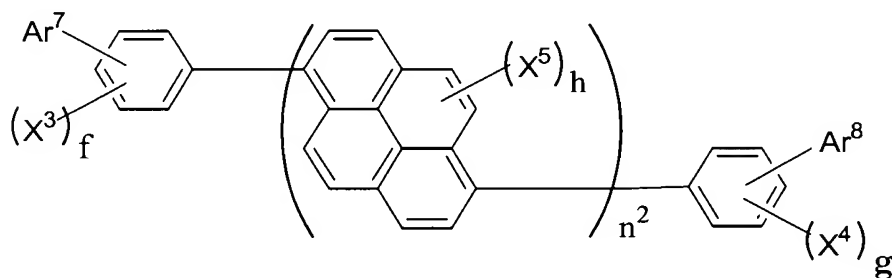
$Ar^6$  represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms,

$X^1$  and  $X^2$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group,

wherein when Ar<sup>5</sup>, Ar<sup>6</sup> and/or X<sup>2</sup> is substituted by a substituent, the substituent is independently at least one selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a nitro group, a cyano group, an alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aromatic heterocyclic group, an aralkyl group, an aryloxy group, an arylthio group, an alkoxycarbonyl group, a carboxyl group, and combinations thereof, and

**d** represents an integer of 0 to 8, **e** represents an integer of 0 to 4, and **n<sup>1</sup>** represents an integer of 1 to 3;

formula (VII):



(VII)

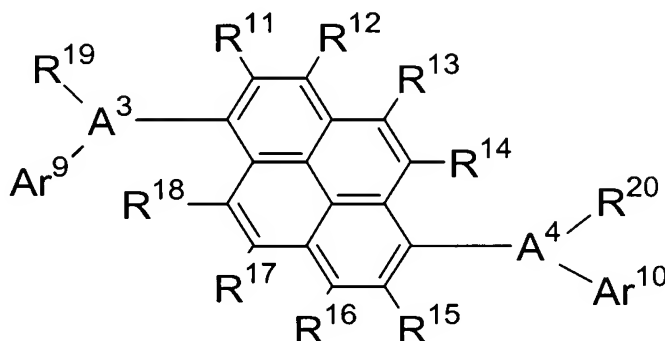
wherein  $Ar^7$  and  $Ar^8$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms,

$X^3$ ,  $X^4$ , and  $X^5$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl

group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group, and

**f** and **g** each represent an integer of 0 to 4, **h** represents an integer of 0 to 8, and  $n^2$  represents an integer of 1 to 3, provided that no symmetrical group binds to each of 1-position and 6-position of central pyrene;

formula (VIII):



(VIII)

wherein A<sup>3</sup> and A<sup>4</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted fused aromatic ring residue having 10 to 20 nuclear carbon atoms;

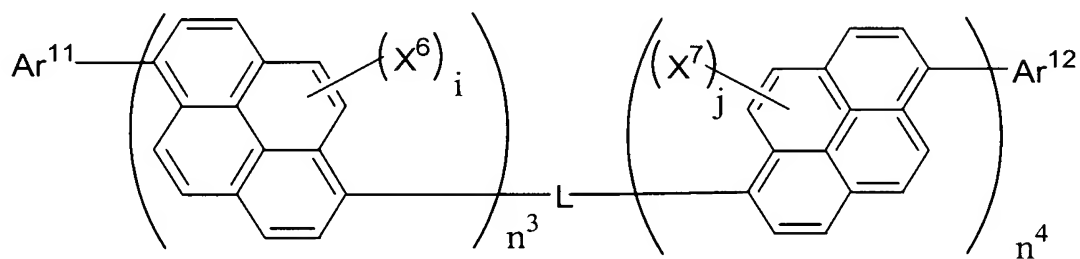
Ar<sup>9</sup> and Ar<sup>10</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, and

R<sup>11</sup> to R<sup>20</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a



cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group, provided that no symmetrical group binds to each of 1-position and 6-position of central pyrene;

formula (IX):



( IX )

wherein Ar<sup>11</sup> and Ar<sup>12</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms,

X<sup>6</sup> and X<sup>7</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group,

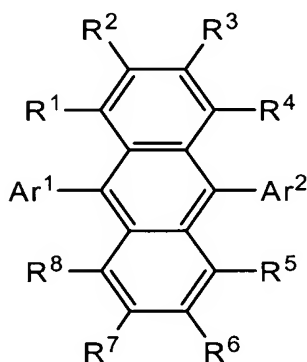
L represents a substituted or unsubstituted arylene group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group having 3 to 50 nuclear atoms; and

i and j each represent an integer of 0 to 8, and n<sup>3</sup> and n<sup>4</sup> each represent an integer of 1 to 3.

Claim 2 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the light emitting layer consists of the bluish color light emitting layer and the yellow-to-reddish color light emitting layer.

Claim 3 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the bluish color light emitting layer comprises a bluish color host material and a bluish color dopant, and the bluish color host material comprises an asymmetric compound comprising a condensed ring.

Claim 4 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the asymmetric compound comprising a condensed ring comprises the compound represented by the formula (I):

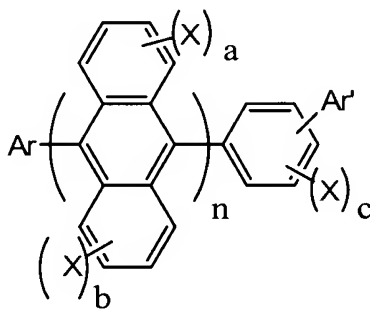


( I )

wherein Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, provided that Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> do not have the same structure; and

$R^1$  to  $R^8$  each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group.

Claim 5 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the asymmetric compound comprising a condensed ring comprises the compound represented by any one of the formulae (II) to (IV):



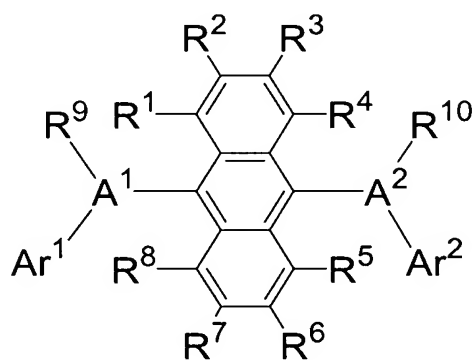
( II )

wherein Ar represents a substituted or unsubstituted fused aromatic ring residue having 10 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms;

Ar' represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms;

X represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group; and

a, b, and c each represent an integer of 0 to 4, and n represents an integer of 1 to 3;



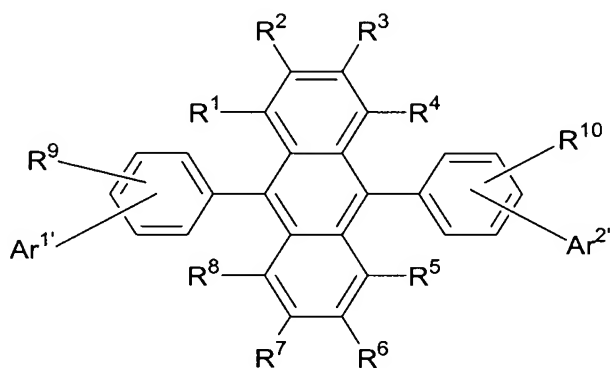
(III)

wherein A<sup>1</sup> and A<sup>2</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted fused aromatic ring residue having 10 to 20 nuclear carbon atoms;

Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms; and

R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>10</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted

aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group, provided that no symmetrical group binds to each of 9-position and 10-position of central anthracene;



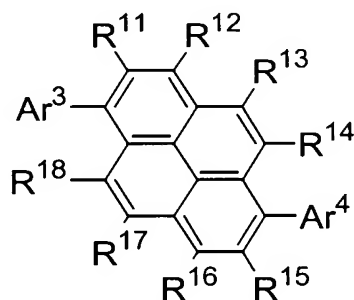
( IV )

wherein Ar<sup>1'</sup> and Ar<sup>2'</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms; and

R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>10</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted

alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group, provided that no symmetrical group binds to each of 9-position and 10-position of central anthracene.

Claim 6 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the asymmetric compound comprising a condensed ring comprises the compound represented by the formula (V):



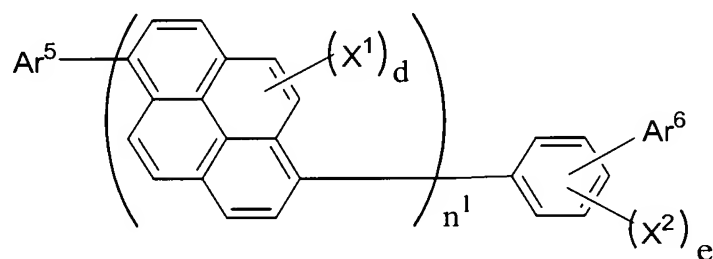
( V )

wherein Ar<sup>3</sup> and Ar<sup>4</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, provided that Ar<sup>3</sup> and Ar<sup>4</sup> do not have the same structure; and

R<sup>11</sup> to R<sup>18</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted

alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the asymmetric compound comprising a condensed ring comprises the compound represented by any one of the formulae (VI) to (IX):



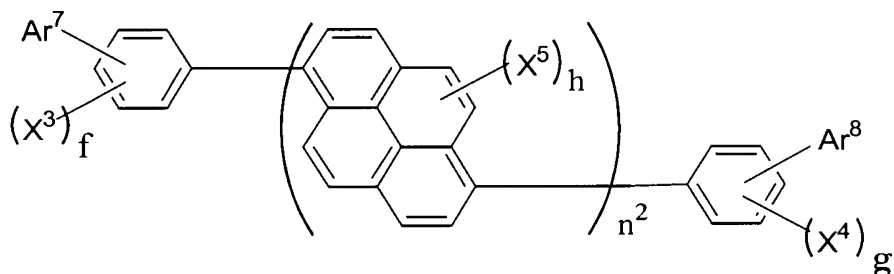
(VI)

wherein  $Ar^5$  represents a substituted or unsubstituted fused aromatic ring residue having 10 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms;

$Ar^6$  represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms;

$X^1$  and  $X^2$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group; and

**d** represents an integer of 0 to 8, **e** represents an integer of 0 to 4, and **n<sup>1</sup>** represents an integer of 1 to 3;



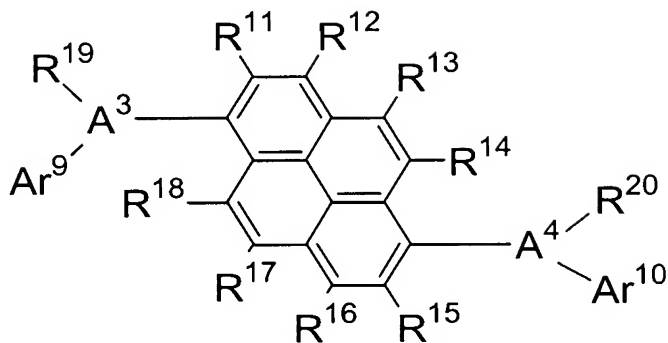
(VII)

wherein Ar<sup>7</sup> and Ar<sup>8</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms;

X<sup>3</sup>, X<sup>4</sup>, and X<sup>5</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group; and

**f** and **g** each represent an integer of 0 to 4, **h** represents an integer of 0 to 8, and **n<sup>2</sup>** represents an integer of 1 to 3, provided that no symmetrical group binds to each of 1-position and 6-position of central pyrene;



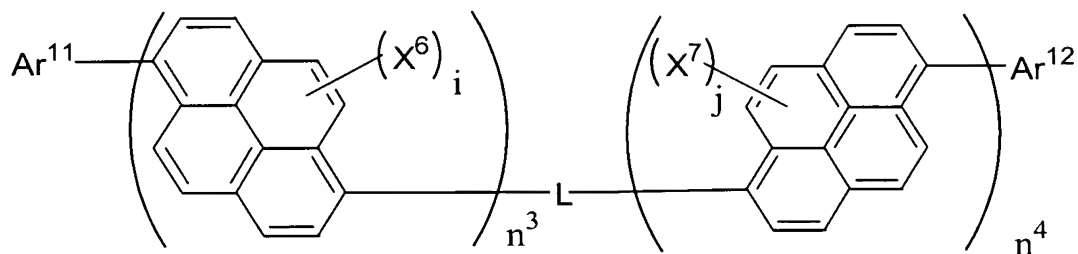


(VIII)

wherein A<sup>3</sup> and A<sup>4</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted fused aromatic ring residue having 10 to 20 nuclear carbon atoms;

Ar<sup>9</sup> and Ar<sup>10</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms; and

R<sup>11</sup> to R<sup>20</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group, provided that no symmetrical group binds to each of 1-position and 6-position of central pyrene;



( IX )

wherein Ar<sup>11</sup> and Ar<sup>12</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms;

X<sup>6</sup> and X<sup>7</sup> each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic heterocyclic group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group having 6 to 50 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted arylthio group having 5 to 50 nuclear atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group having 1 to 50 carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, or a hydroxyl group;

L represents a substituted or unsubstituted arylene group having 6 to 50 nuclear carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group having 3 to 50 nuclear atoms; and

i and j each represent an integer of 0 to 8, and n<sup>3</sup> and n<sup>4</sup> each represent an integer of 1 to 3.

Claim 8 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 3, wherein the bluish color dopant comprises at least one compound

selected from the group consisting of a styrylamine, an amine-substituted styryl compound, a compound comprising an amine-substituted fused aromatic ring, a compound comprising a fused aromatic ring, and combinations thereof.

Claim 9 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, comprising the anode, the bluish color light emitting layer, the yellow-to-reddish color light emitting layer, and the cathode in this order, wherein the yellow-to-reddish color light emitting layer comprises a same host material as that of the bluish color light emitting layer and a yellow-to-reddish color dopant.

Claim 10 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 9, wherein the yellow-to-reddish color dopant comprises a compound having multiple fluoranthene skeletons.

Claim 11 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 9, wherein the yellow-to-reddish color dopant comprises a compound having a fluorescent peak wavelength of 540 nm to 700 nm.

Claim 12 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein each of the bluish color light emitting layer and the yellow-to-reddish color light emitting layer has a thickness of 5 nm or more.

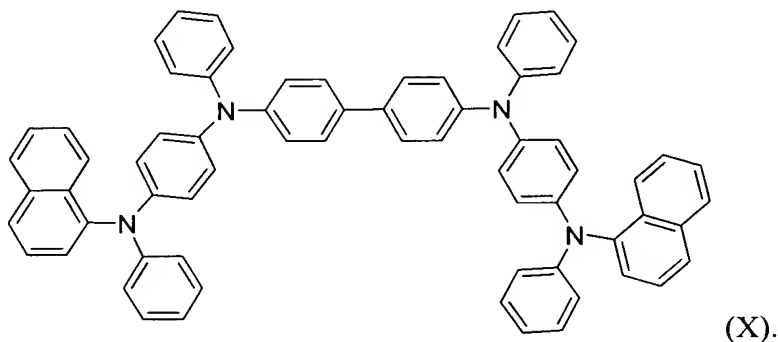
Claim 13 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 8, wherein the bluish color dopant comprises at least one compound selected from the group consisting of a styrylamine, an amine-substituted styryl

compound, a compound comprising an amine-substituted fused aromatic ring, and combinations thereof.

Claim 14 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 8, wherein the bluish color dopant comprises at least one compound selected from the group consisting of a styrylamine, an amine-substituted styryl compound, and combinations thereof.

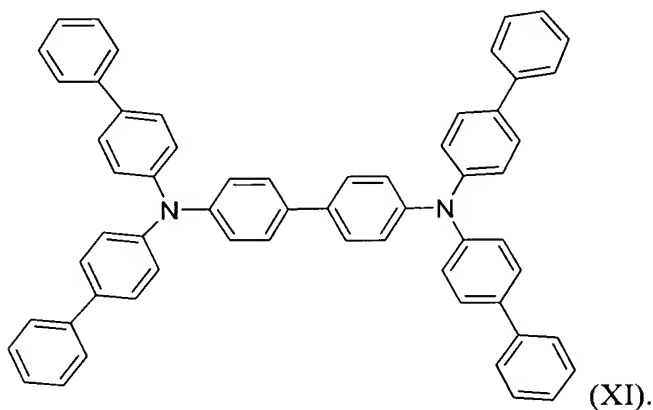
Claim 15 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, further comprising a hole injecting layer.

Claim 16 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 15, wherein the hole injecting layer comprises a compound of formula (X):



Claim 17 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 15, further comprising a hole transporting layer.

Claim 18 (Previously Presented): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 17, wherein the hole transporting layer comprises a compound of formula (XI):



Claim 19 (Previously Presetned): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, further comprising an alq film.

Claim 20 (Currently Amended): The white color organic electroluminescence device according to ~~claim 20~~ claim 19, wherein the alq film comprises tris (8-quinolinol)aluminum.